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BS2p24/40 Demo Board (#45187)

BASIC Stamp[®] Microcontroller Demonstration Platform

Introduction

The BS2p24/40 Demo Board is designed as a low-cost platform to test and experiment with the advanced features of the BASIC Stamp 2p (24- or 40-pin) and BASIC Stamp 2pe microcontrollers. In particular: 16 additional I/O pins, working with standard parallel LCDs (with Hitachi HD44780 or compatible driver), Philips I²C[®] protocol, and the Maxim/Dallas 1-Wire[®] protocol. The BS2p24/40 Demo Board is not exclusive to the BS2p/pe family; it is physically and electrically compatible with all 24-pin BS2-series BASIC Stamp and Javelin Stamp microcontrollers.

The purpose of this document is to introduce the BS2p24/40 Demo Board and explain the particular configuration requirements for connecting parallel LCDs, Philips I²C™ devices, and Maxim/Dallas 1-Wire devices.

Packing List

BS2p24/40 Demo Board

• Jumper wires 800-00016

Documentation

Features

- Standard 2.1 mm center-positive DC power jack
- DB9-F connector for serial programming
- On-board 5-volt regulator (LM2940 low-dropout)
- Solderless breadboard
- 14-pin IDC connector for parallel LCD
- Contrast potentiometer for LCD
- iButton[®] socket (for F5 MicroCan)
- RJ-11 jack for Dallas/Maxim "Blue Dot Receptor" (DS1402D-DR8 / DS1402RP8) cable
- Selectable pull-up resistors for 1-Wire bus and pull-down for LCD enable pin
- Connections for P0 P15, A0 A15, Vin, Vdd, Vss and 1-Wire connections

Compatible Accessories (Not Included)

•	2 x 16 Parallel LCD	603-00006
•	4 x 20 Parallel LCD	603-00004
•	Blue Dot Receptor Cable	805-00004
•	BS2p Plus Pack	45184

Mechanical Dimensions (Rev. C PCB)

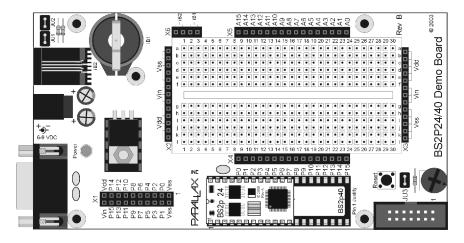
PCB

5.95" x 3.05" (151 mm x 77 mm)

Mounting Holes

4.00" x 2.75" (102 mm x 70 mm)

BS2p24/40 Demo Board with BS2p24 Installed



Connections and Jumpers

The BS2p40-IC's 32 I/O lines are accessible through two sockets on either edge of the solderless breadboard. The main I/O (P0 - P15) group is available through socket X4, and the auxiliary I/O (A0 - A15) group is available through socket X5. These sockets, and the others on the board, are compatible with 22-guage hookup wire, as well as Parallax flexible jumpers. Vin (unregulated input), Vdd (regulated 5 volts) and Vss (ground) are made available through socket X2 at the top edge of the breadboard and X3 at the bottom edge of the breadboard.

When using a 24-pin BASIC Stamp or Javelin Stamp module in the demo board be sure to align pin 1 of the module in the socket as indicated on the PCB. And note that when using a 24-pin module, pins P8 through P15 are accessed via sockets A8 through A15.

Connection to the onboard iButton socket is through X6-iB1. By installing jumper JU1 a 4.7 K Ω pull-up is connected to this line. A "Blue Dot Receptor" cable (not included) may be connected to iB2 (RJ-11 jack) and connected to the BASIC Stamp microcontroller through X6-iB2. Jumper JU2 may be installed to connect a 4.7 K Ω pull-up to the iB2 connection.

When using a parallel LCD with the demo board, install jumper JU3 to enable the 4.7 k Ω pull-down resistor on the LCD's Enable (E) pin. Note that this jumper should be removed when not using the LCD connector as it pulls P0 to Vss through 4.7 k Ω and may affect some circuits.

I2C is patented technology owned by Philips. The end user is responsible for determining whether his or her I2C application requires licensing by Philips.

http://www.semiconductors.philips.com/buses/i2c/licensing/index.html.

Experimenting with Parallel LCDs

Parallel LCDs, especially those controlled by the Hitachi HD44780 (or compatible) driver, have become as commonplace as LEDs in many embedded applications. The BS2p family and BS2pe microcontroller supports the use of parallel LCDs with the LCDCMD, LCDOUT, and LCDIN instructions.

This experiment demonstrates proper multi-line LCD initialization, the creation and use of custom characters, and a convenient subroutine for printing right-justified numbers on the LCD. Connect a 2x16 LCD to the box header, install jumper JU3, and then adjust the contrast pot for the best view on the LCD. No other connections are required for this program.

Source Code

```
______
   File..... P24-40 LCD DEMO.BSP
   Purpose... Basic LCD Demo - Multi-line mode with custom characters
   Author.... Parallax, Inc.
           Copyright (c) 2004, All Rights Reserved
   E-mail.... support@parallax.com
   Started...
   Updated... 17 JUN 2004
   {$STAMP BS2p}
   {$PBASIC 2.5}
 ______
' ----[ Program Description ]------
' This program demonstrates the use of the multi-line initialization and
' the use of custom characters. When using the standard 5x7 font, the LCD
will hold up to eight customer characters.
' To run this program on the BS2p24/40 Demo Board, connect the LCD and
install Jumper JU3. Adjust contrast pot for best display.
' Refer to the Hitachi HD44780 documentation for details on LCD control.
' ----[ I/O Definitions ]------
                                    ' connect LCD to OutL
Ε
            PIN
' ----[ Constants ]-----
#DEFINE _LcdReady = ($STAMP = BS2P) OR ($STAMP = BS2PE)
```

```
NoCmd
              CON
                      $00
LcdCls
              CON
                      $01
                                            ' clear the LCD
LcdHome
              CON
                      $02
                                             ' move cursor home
LcdCrsrL
              CON
                      $10
                                             ' move cursor left
LcdCrsrR
                      $14
                                             ' move cursor right
              CON
LcdDispL
                      $18
                                             ' shift chars left
              CON
                                             ' shift chars right
LcdDispR
              CON
                      $1C
LcdDDRam
              CON
                      $80
                                             ' Display Data RAM control
LcdCGRam
              CON
                      $40
                                             ' Character Generator RAM
                                             ' DDRAM address of line 1
LcdLine1
              CON
                      $80
                                             ' DDRAM address of line 2
LcdLine2
              CON
                      $C0
' ----[ Variables ]-----
addr
              VAR
                     Byte
                                            ' address pointer
char
                                            ' character sent to LCD
              VAR
                     Byte
idx
                                            ' loop counter
              VAR
                     Byte
                                            ' value for RJ Print
value
              VAR
                     Word
width
              VAR
                     Nib
                                            ' width of RJ field
pad
              VAR
                     Nib
                                             ' space pad for field
' ----[ EEPROM Data ]----------------
              DATA $0E, $1F, $1C, $18, $1C, $1F, $0E, $00 ' char 0
CC0
CC1
              DATA
                     $0E, $1F, $1F, $18, $1F, $1F, $0E, $00 ' char 1
                     $0E, $1F, $1F, $1F, $1F, $0E, $00 ' char 2
CC2
               DATA
' ----[ Initialization ]--------
Initialize:
 NAP 5
                                             ' let LCD self-initialize
 DIRL = %11111110
                                             ' setup pins for LCD
LCD Init:
 #IF _LcdReady #THEN
   LCDCMD E, %00110000 : PAUSE 5
                                             ' 8-bit mode
   LCDCMD E, %00110000 : PAUSE 0
   LCDCMD E, %00110000 : PAUSE 0
   LCDCMD E, %00100000 : PAUSE 0
                                            ' 4-bit mode
   LCDCMD E, %00101000 : PAUSE 0
                                            ' multi-line mode
   LCDCMD E, %00001100 : PAUSE 0
                                            ' no crsr, no blink
   LCDCMD E, %00000110
                                            ' inc crsr, no disp shift
 #ELSE
   #ERROR "Program requires BS2p or BS2pe"
 #ENDIF
```

```
Download_Chars:
                                           ' download custom chars
 LCDCMD E, LcdCGRam
                                          ' prepare to write CG data
 FOR idx = CC0 TO (CC2 + 7)
                                          ' build 3 custom chars
  READ idx, char
                                          ' get byte from EEPROM
  LCDOUT E, NoCmd, [char]
                                          ' put into LCD CG RAM
 NEXT
' ----[ Program Code ]---------
Main:
 LCDCMD E, LcdCls
                                           ' blank screen, home cursor
 PAUSE 500
 LCDOUT E, LcdLine1, ["PARALLAX"]
                                          ' easy banner
 LCDOUT E, LcdLine2, ["THE BASIC STAMP"]
 PAUSE 2000
Animation:
 FOR addr = 0 TO 15
                                           ' cover 16 characters
                                          ' 5 characters in cycle
   FOR idx = 0 TO 4
    LOOKUP idx, [2, 1, 0, 1, " "], char
                                          ' get new character
    LCDOUT E, (LcdLine2 + addr), [char]
                                          ' write it
     PAUSE 75
                                           ' frame delay
   NEXT
 NEXT
Counter Demo:
 LCDOUT E, LcdCls, ["Counter"]
 width = 5
                                          ' field is 5-wide
 FOR value = 1 TO 12345
  LCDCMD E, (LcdLine2 + 11)
                                          ' position cursor
                                           ' right justify
   GOSUB RJ_Print
  PAUSE 100
 NEXT
 GOTO Main
 END
' Prints right-justified value on LCD
' -- preposition cursor
' -- put width of field in 'width' (1 - 5)
' -- put value to print in 'value' (0 - 65535)
```

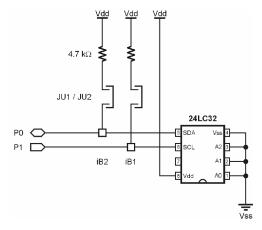
```
RJ_Print:
   LOOKDOWN value, >=[10000, 1000, 100, 10, 0], pad
   pad = pad - (5 - width)
   LCDOUT E, NoCmd, [REP " "\pad, DEC value] RETURN
```

Experimenting with Philips I²C Components

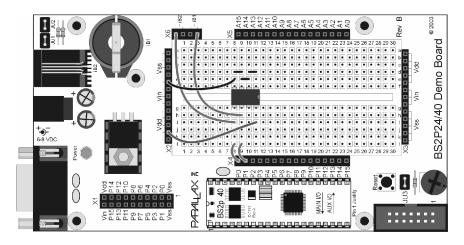
There are myriad components that communicate via the Philips I 2 C bus, and the BASIC Stamp 2p family and BASIC Stamp 2pe makes connecting to these parts pretty simple with the I2COUT and I2CIN instructions. When using I 2 C components, the SDA and SCL lines must be pulled up to Vdd (5 volts), usually through 4.7 k Ω resistors. The BS2p/BS2pe limits the SDA and SCL connections to pins 0 and 1 or 8 and 9, respectively. When using the BS2p40, I 2 C commands may also use the auxiliary I/O (AUXIO) pins, doubling the possible number of I 2 C connections. Refer to the Parallax Stamp Manual (version 2.0 or later) or BASIC Stamp Editor help file for details.

Project Schematic

Note: When using iB1 and iB2 pull-ups, be sure to remove any iButton devices from the demo board.



Demo Board Connections



Source Code

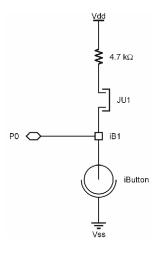
```
' -----
  File..... P24-40 24LC32.BSP
  Purpose... Demonstrates I2COUT and I2CIN
  Author.... Parallax, Inc.
          Copyright (c) 2004, All Rights Reserved
  E-mail.... support@parallax.com
  Started...
  Updated... 17 JUN 2004
  {$STAMP BS2p}
  {$PBASIC 2.5}
' -----
' ----[ Program Description ]------
' Writes to and reads from I2C EEPROM. Data is displayed in the DEBUG
' window.
' ----[ I/O Definitions ]-----
SDA
           PIN 0
                                   ' SDA on 0; SCL on 1
' ----[ Constants ]-------------
#DEFINE _I2cReady = ($STAMP = BS2P) OR ($STAMP = BS2PE)
MaxEE
           CON
                4095
                                   ' highest EE address
' ----[ Variables ]--------
addr
           VAR
                 Word
                                   ' EE address
addrHi
           VAR
                 addr.HIGHBYTE
                addr.LOWBYTE
addrLo
           VAR
                                   ' for random number
rVar
           VAR
                Word
                 Byte
                                   ' test value to LCD
t0ut
           VAR
                                   ' test value read from LCD
tIn
           VAR
                Byte
value
           VAR
                Word
                                   ' value for RJ_Print
                                   ' width of RJ field
width
                Nib
           VAR
pad
           VAR
                 Nib
                                   ' space pad for field
```

```
' -----[ Initialization ]--------
 #IF (_I2cReady) #THEN
   DEBUG CLS,
        "I2C Demo", CR, CR,
         "Address... ", CR,
        "I2C Out... ", CR,
         "I2C In.... ", CR,
         "Status...."
 #ELSE
   #ERROR "Program requires BS2p or BS2pe"
 #ENDIF
' ----[ Program Code ]--------------
Main:
 FOR addr = 0 TO MaxEE STEP 5
                                           ' create addresses
   RANDOM rVar
                                          ' create "random" value
   tOut = rVar.HIGHBYTE
   I2COUT SDA, $A0, addrHi\addrLo, [tOut]
                                       ' write value
   PAUSE 100
   I2CIN SDA, $A1, addrHi\addrLo, [tIn]
                                          ' read it back
   DEBUG CRSRXY, 11, 2, IHEX3 addr
                                          ' report results
   width = 4
   value = tOut
   DEBUG CRSRXY, 11, 3
   GOSUB RJ_Print
   value = tIn
   DEBUG CRSRXY, 11, 4
   GOSUB RJ_Print
   DEBUG CRSRXY, 11, 5
   IF (tIn = tOut) THEN
    DEBUG "Pass"
   ELSE
    DEBUG "Fail"
   ENDIF
   PAUSE 250
 NEXT
 PAUSE 2000
 DEBUG CR, CR, "Done!"
 END
```

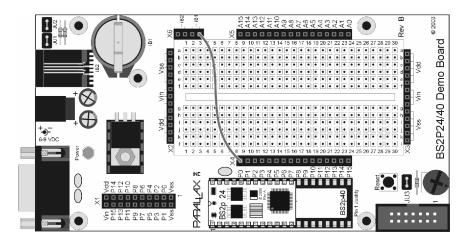
Experimenting With Dallas/Maxim 1-Wire Components

The BASIC Stamp 2p family and BS2pe microcontroller simplifies connecting to Dallas/Maxim 1-Wire components with the OWOUT and OWIN commands. The purpose of this experiment is to demonstrate these 1-Wire commands by reading the unique ROM code from an iButton device. When using 1-Wire components, the bus pin must be pulled-up to Vdd (5 volts). The standard value for this pull-up is $4.7~\mathrm{k}\Omega$, and the BS2p24/40 demo board makes these pull-ups available via JU1 (for iB1) and JU2 (for iB2).

Project Schematic



Demo Board Connections



Source Code

```
______
   File..... P24-40_1WIRE_ID.BSP
  Purpose... 1-Wire device identification
   Author.... Parallax, Inc.
            Copyright (c) 2004, All Rights Reserved
   E-mail.... support@parallax.com
   Started...
   Updated... 17 JUN 2004
   {$STAMP BS2p}
   {$PBASIC 2.5}
' ----[ Program Description ]-----
' Reads and displays the serial number from a 1-Wire device.
' ----[ I/O Definitions ]-----
OW
             PIN
                                       ' 1-Wire bus connection
' ----[ Constants ]-----
#DEFINE _OwReady = ($STAMP = BS2P) OR ($STAMP = BS2PE)
OwFERst
             CON
                   %0001
                                       ' Front-End Reset
Owberst
                                       ' Back-End Reset
             CON
                   %0010
```

```
CON
                 %0100
OwBitMode
OwHighSpd
           CON
                 %1000
SearchROM
           CON
                 $F0
ReadROM
           CON
                 $33
                                    ' read ID, serial num, CRC
NoDevice CON
                 %11
                                     ' no device present
' ----[ Variables ]-----
idx
           VAR
                 Byte
                                    ' loop counter
                                    ' ROM data from device
romData
           VAR
                 Byte(8)
devCheck VAR
                                     ' device check return ocde
                 Nib
' ----[ Initialization ]-------
Reset:
 #IF (_OwReady) #THEN
  DEBUG CLS,
      "1-Wire S/N Reader", CR, CR
 #ELSE
  #ERROR "Program requires BS2p or BS2pe"
 #ENDIF
' ----[ Program Code ]------
Main:
                                    ' read serial number
 GOSUB Get_SN
                                     ' if valid
 IF (romData(7) < $FF) THEN</pre>
  FOR idx = 7 TO 0
   DEBUG HEX2 romData(idx)
                                    ' show S/N data
    IF ((idx = 7) OR (idx = 1)) THEN
                                    ' CR after CRC and SN
     DEBUG CR
   ENDIF
  NEXT
 ELSE
   DEBUG "Bad or no device"
                                    ' else questionable
 ENDIF
 END
' Read 8-byte serial number from 1-Wire device
```

```
Get_SN:

OWOUT OW, OwFERSt, [ReadROM] ' send Read ROM command

OWIN OW, OwBERSt, [STR romData\8] ' read serial number & CRC

RETURN
```

Additional Experiments

For more experiments with the BS2p family and BS2p24/40 Demo Board, you may wish to download the BS2p "Plus Pack" documentation and code samples from Parallax, free of charge. You may also order the BS2p "Plus Pack" (#45184) via the Internet or directly from Parallax.

Using Other Parallax Microcontrollers

The BS2p24/40 Demo Board is electrically compatible with all Parallax 24-pin microcontrollers, including the Javelin Stamp microcontroller. The demo board is particularly useful for experiments with parallel LCDs (download the StampWorks experiments from Parallax for LCD examples using the BS2, BS2e and BS2sx). Please note that 1-Wire interfacing is not possible with the BS2, BS2e, BS2sx or Javelin without an external co-processor. I²C communications with these microcontrollers is possible with code.

When using a 24-pin Parallax microcontroller with the BS2p24/40 Demo Board, be sure to align the module as shown in the diagram below. Also note that when using a 24-pin module, pins P8 through P15 are accessed via sockets A8 through A15.

