



## Appendix E: J-Bot Competition Maze Rules

If you're planning a competition for autonomous robots, these rules are provided courtesy of Seattle Robotics Society.

### Contest #1: Robot Floor Exercise

E

#### Purpose

The floor exercise competition is intended to give robot inventors an opportunity to show off their robots or other technical contraptions.

#### Rules

The rules for this competition are quite simple. A 10-foot-by-10-foot flat area is identified, preferably with some physical boundary. Each contestant will be given a maximum of five minutes in this area to show off what it can do. The robot's controller can talk through the various capabilities and features of the robot. As always, any robot that could damage the area or pose a danger to the public will not be allowed. Robots need not be autonomous, but it is encouraged. Judging will be determined by the audience, either indicated by clapping (the loudest determined by the judge), or some other voting mechanism.

### Contest #2: Line Following Rules

#### Objective:

To build an autonomous robot that begins in Area "A" (at position "S"), travels to Area "B" (completely via the line), then travels to the Area "C" (completely via the line), then returns to the Area "A" (at position "F"). The robot that does this in the least amount of time (including bonuses) wins. The robot must enter areas "B" and "C" to qualify. The exact layout of the course will not be known until contest day, but it will have the three areas previously described.

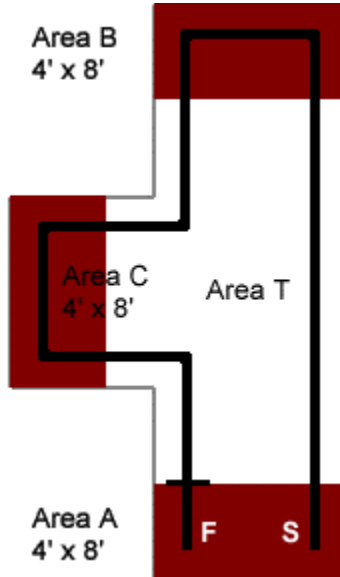
#### Skills Tested:

The ability to recognize a navigational aid (the line) and use it to reach the goal.

Maximum Time to Complete Course

Four minutes.

Example Course



All measurements in the example course are approximate. There is a solid line dividing Area "A" from Area "T" at position "F." This indicates where the course ends. The line is black, approximately 3/4 inches wide and spaced approximately two feet from the walls. All curves have a radius of at least one foot and at most three feet. The walls are 3 1/2 inches high and surround the course. The floor is white and made of either paper or Tyvec. Tyvec is a strong plastic used in mailing envelopes and house construction.

Positions "S" and "F" are merely for illustration and are not precise locations. A Competitor may place the robot anywhere in Area "A," facing in any direction when starting. The robot must be completely within Area "A." Areas "A," "B" and "C" are not colored red on the actual course.

## Scoring

Each contestant's score is calculated by taking the time needed to complete the course (in seconds) minus 10% for each "accomplishment." The contestant with the lowest score wins.

Accomplishments	Reduction
Stops in area A after reaching B and C	10%
Does not touch any walls	10%
Starts on command	10%

("Starts on command" means the robot starts with an external, non-tactile command. This could, for example, be a sound or light command.)

## Contest #3: Maze Following

### Purpose

The grand maze is intended to present a test of navigational skills by an autonomous robot. The scoring is done in such a way as to favor robots which are either brutally fast or which can learn the maze after one pass. The object is for a robot, which is set down at the entrance of the maze, to find its way through the maze and reach the exit in the least amount of time.

### Physical Characteristics

The maze is constructed of 3/4" shop-grade plywood. The walls are approximately 24 inches high, and are painted in primary colors with glossy paint. The walls are set on a grid with 24-inch spacing. Due to the thickness of the plywood and limitations in accuracy, the hallways may be as narrow as 22 inches. The maze can be up to 20-feet square, but may be smaller, depending on the space available for the event.

The maze will be set up on either industrial-type carpet or hard floor (depending on where the event is held). The maze will be under cover, so your robot does not have to be rain proof; however, it may be exposed to various temperatures, wind, and lighting conditions. The maze is a classical two-dimensional proper maze: there is a single path from the start to the finish and there are no islands in the maze. Both the entrance and exit are located on outside walls. Proper mazes can be solved by following either the left wall or the right wall. The maze is carefully designed so that there is no advantage if you follow the left wall or the right wall.

### Robot Limitations

The main limit on the robot is that it be autonomous: once started by the owner or handler, no interaction is allowed until the robot emerges from the exit, or it becomes hopelessly stuck. Obviously the robot needs to be small enough to fit within the walls of the maze. It may touch the walls, but may not move the walls to its advantage -no bulldozers. The judges may disqualify a robot which appears to be moving the walls excessively. The robot must not damage either the walls of the maze, nor the floor. Any form of power is allowed as long as local laws do not require hearing protection in its presence or place any other limitations on it.

### Scoring

Each robot is to be run through the maze three times. The robot with the lowest single time is the winner. The maximum time allowed per run is 10 minutes. If a robot cannot finish in that amount of time, the run is stopped and the robot receives a time of 10 minutes. If no robot succeeds in finding the exit of the maze, the one that made it the farthest will be declared the winner, as determined by the contest's judge.

### Logistics

Each robot will make one run, proceeding until all robots have attempted the maze. Each robot then does a second run through the maze, then the robots all do the third run. The judge will allow some discretion if a contestant must delay their run due to technical difficulties. A robot may remember what it found on a previous run to try to improve its time (mapping the maze on the first run), and can use this information in subsequent runs-as long as the robot does this itself. It is not allowed to manually "configure" the robot through hardware or software as to the layout of the maze.